

GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To
The Members,
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their Fourteenth Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements and the Auditors Report for the financial year from 1st April 2022 to 31st March 2023 (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Year").

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS									
	The Company has incurred a loss of Rs.9,900/- during the Financial Year which has been carried to the Balance Sheet.								
2. DIVIDEND									
	No dividend has been recommended for the Financial Year.								
3. TRANSFER TO RESERVE(S)									
	The Directors have not transferred any amount to general or other reserves.								
4. SHARE CAPITAL									
	The Authorised and Paid-up Share Capital as at 31 st March, 2023 was Rs. 5,00,000/-. During the Financial Year, the Company has not issued shares nor has granted any stock option or sweat equity.								
5. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD									
	During the Financial Year, 5 (Five) Board Meetings were duly held on 18 th May, 2022, 28 th July, 2022, 8 th September, 2022, 12 th December, 2022 and on 20 th February, 2023. The intervening gap between the Board meetings was not more than 120 days as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. Details of attendance by each Director at the said Board Meetings are:								
	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Name of Director(s)</th><th>Board Meetings attended during Financial Year</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Mr. Pravin Marathe</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>Ms. Charushila Choche</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>Mr. Gajendra Kakde</td><td>5</td></tr></tbody></table>	Name of Director(s)	Board Meetings attended during Financial Year	Mr. Pravin Marathe	5	Ms. Charushila Choche	5	Mr. Gajendra Kakde	5
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Mr. Pravin Marathe	5								
Ms. Charushila Choche	5								
Mr. Gajendra Kakde	5								
6. BOARD OF DIRECTORS									
	In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Ms. Charushila Choche retires by rotation at the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and, being eligible, has offered herself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors comprises of Mr. Pravin Marathe, Ms. Charushila Choche and Mr. Gajendra Kakde.								
7. KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL									
	Provisions of Section 203 are not applicable to the Company; hence, there is no mandatory requirement to appoint key managerial personnel.								
8. STATUTORY AUDITORS & AUDITOR'S REPORT									
	At the Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company held on 23 rd September, 2019, M/s. S V Yadav And Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company upto the conclusion of the 15 th Annual General Meeting. There is no audit qualification, or reservation or disclaimer in the Auditor's Report for the Financial Year.								



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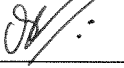
9.	DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT
	<p>Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. in the preparation of the annual financial statements, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any; b. the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year and of the loss of the Company for that Financial Year; c. The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the Assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities; d. the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and e. the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.
10.	CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS
	There has been no change in the nature of business during the Financial Year.
11.	SUBSIDIARIES / ASSOCIATES / JOINT VENTURES
	The Company does not have any subsidiary / associate or Joint Venture.
12.	ANNUAL RETURN
	Since the Company does not have any website, provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
13.	PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES
	There are no particulars to be disclosed under Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.
14.	INFORMATION UNDER THE SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013
	As the Company does not have any women employees on its payrolls, the Company was not required to formulate any committee or policy on prevention of sexual harassment at workplace.
15.	DEPOSITS
	The Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
16.	PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENT BY COMPANY
	During the Financial Year, the Company has not made any loans, guarantees or investments as covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
17.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
	The Company has not made any related party transactions covered under the provisions of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 hence prescribed Form AOC-2 is not applicable.
18.	SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS
	There are no significant / material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.
19.	SECRETARIAL STANDARDS
	The Company has complied with all applicable Secretarial Standards.





GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

20.	TRANSFER TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND
	Your Company does not have any amount / shares due to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.
21.	CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)
	CSR related provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply to the Company as the Company does not meet profit, turnover or net worth criteria prescribed in this regard.
22.	MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT
	No material change and commitments affecting financial position of the Company occurred between the end of financial year and the date of this report.
23.	CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO
	(A) Conservation of energy- Not Applicable (B) Technology absorption- Not Applicable (C) Foreign Exchange Earnings And Outgo: Not Applicable
24.	COST AUDIT
	The Company is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
25.	RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY
	The Company has not developed and implemented a formal risk management policy for the Company. However, the Board of Directors periodically as a part of its review of the business consider and discuss the external and internal risk factors like market related, Government policy related matters that may threaten the existence of the Company.
26.	INTERNAL CONTROLS & THEIR ADEQUACY
	Your Company's internal control systems commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations. Your Company has adequate internal financial controls in place to ensure safeguarding of its assets, prevention of frauds and errors, protection against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the transactions are authorised, recorded and reported diligently in the Financial Statements.
27.	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
	The Directors would like to place on record their appreciation for the valuable co-operation extended to the Company by the employees of the Company, Government Departments, Bankers, Suppliers and Customers for their continuous support to the Company.

**For and on behalf of the Board of
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited**



Charushila Choche
Director
DIN: 09029565



Pravin Marathe
Director
DIN: 07706235

Place: Mumbai
Date: 15th September, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS under section 133, of the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our Opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Other Information. The "Other Information" comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our Independent Auditors' Report thereon. The Other Information as aforesaid is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the "Other Information" which will be made available to us after the date of this report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions in accordance with the Standards on Auditing.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and

maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit we also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we

conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the Key Audit Matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the attached Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules thereon.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year.
 - h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations as at March 31, 2023 which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There are no amounts that are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
 - iv. a.) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any

S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:

b.) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the company from any person or entity, including foreign entity (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

c.) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that representations under sub clause (i) and (ii) of the Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

- v. No dividend has been declared or paid by the Company during the financial year covered by our audit.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014 for maintaining the books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Company (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For S V Yadav and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W

Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: May 20, 2023
UDIN - 23156541BGPQFW9700



ANNEXURE A

To the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements of Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited

- (i) (a) The company does not have any fixed assets and hence the clause (i) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) are not applicable.
- (ii) As the company does not hold any inventory during the year, clause 3(ii) of Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments in or provided security to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has not provided guarantees, granted loans and advances in the nature of loans during the year to companies and other parties. The Company has not provided guarantees or granted loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year to firms or limited liability partnerships.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to loans, investments, guarantees and security given by the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public pursuant to sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. As informed to us, there is no order that has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal in respect of the said sections. Accordingly the provision of clause 3(v) is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not fall within the criteria prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Cess, Work Contract Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amount payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.

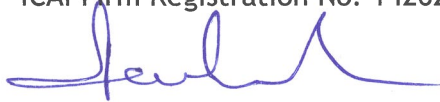
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax or Sales Tax or Wealth Tax or Service Tax or duty of Customs or duty of Excise or Value Added Tax or Cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, as defined in the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture (as defined in the Act) during the year ended March 31, 2023.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries (as defined under the Act).
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) No whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the company.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company's transactions with its related party are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the IND AS financial statements, etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
- (xv) The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence the clause 3(xv) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The nature of business and the activities of the Company are such that the Company is not required to obtain registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
- (xvii) The company had incurred cash losses of Rs. 14.20 and Rs. 15.60 (figures in '000s) in 2022-23 and 2021-22 respectively.

S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For S V Yadav and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: May 20, 2023
UDIN - 23156541BGPQFW9700



Annexure - B
To the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone IND AS Financial
Statements of Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an

understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements.

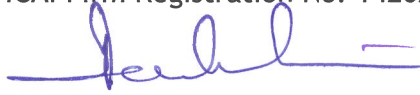
Because of the inherent limitations of Financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor

M. No. 156541

Mumbai, Dated: May 20, 2023

UDIN - 23156541BGPQFW9700

GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
ASSETS			
1 Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	3	12.78	12.78
		<u>12.78</u>	<u>12.78</u>
Total Assets		<u>12.78</u>	<u>12.78</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	4	500.00	500.00
(b) Amount entirely in the nature of equity	5	8,766.82	8,766.82
(c) Other Equity	6	(9,280.04)	(9,270.14)
Liabilities			
2 Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Other financial liabilities	7	26.00	16.10
		<u>26.00</u>	<u>16.10</u>
Total liabilities		<u>26.00</u>	<u>16.10</u>
Total Equity & Liabilities		<u>12.78</u>	<u>12.78</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 20, 2023



For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited



Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN: 07706235



Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

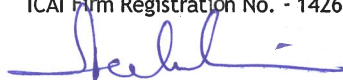
	Notes	2022-23	2021-22
I Revenue from operations			
II Other income	8	4.30	13,357.81
III Total income (I + II)		4.30	13,357.81
IV Expenses			
Other Expenses	9	14.20	5,203.50
Total Expenses (IV)		14.20	5,203.50
V Profit/(Loss) before tax and exceptional items (IV - III)		(9.90)	8,154.31
VI Exceptional item			
VII Profit/(Loss) before tax		(9.90)	8,154.31
VIII Tax expenses			
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred Tax		-	-
Total tax expense		-	-
IX Profit/(Loss) for the period		(9.90)	8,154.31
X Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net of tax		-	-
XI Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(9.90)	8,154.31
XII Earnings per equity share ('EPS')	10		
Basic		(0.20)	163.09
Diluted		(0.20)	163.09
(Nominal value of shares Rs. 10 each)			

Summary of significant accounting policies 2.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 20, 2023



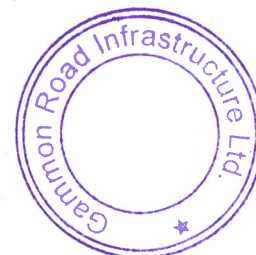
For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited



Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN: 07706235



Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :		
Net Loss before Tax	(9.90)	8,154.31
Non cash adjustments for :		
Sundry balances written off	(4.30)	5,187.90
Sundry balances written back	-	(13,357.81)
	<u>(4.30)</u>	<u>(8,169.91)</u>
Operating profit before working capital changes	(14.20)	(15.60)
Movements in working capital :		
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables and other liabilities	14.20	15.60
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	-	-
	<u>14.20</u>	<u>15.60</u>
Cash (used in) / generated from the operations	-	-
Direct Taxes paid	-	-
Net Cash (used in) / generated from the operations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES :		
Interest received	-	-
Net Cash (used in)/from Investment activities	-	-
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES :		
Proceeds from borrowings	-	-
Repayment of borrowing	-	-
Interest paid	-	-
Net Cash (used in)/from financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	12.78	12.78
Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	12.78	12.78
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash and Cheques on hand		
With Banks :		
- On Current Account	12.78	12.78
- On Deposit Account	-	-
Total Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents	12.78	12.78
Less : Fixed Deposits with Banks above 90 days	-	-
	<u>12.78</u>	<u>12.78</u>

Note : Figures in brackets denote outflows.

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541


Place : Mumbai
Date : May 20, 2023



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited



Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN: 07706235


Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31,2023
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As At March 31,2023		As At March 31,2022	
	No. of shares	Rs. In thousands	No. of shares	Rs. in thousands
Equity shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	50,000	500	50,000	500
Changes due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	50,000	500	50,000	500
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	50,000	500	50,000	500

B Amounts entirely in the nature of equity

Particulars	Amount
Capital Contributions from Holding Company :	
Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	8,766.82
Changes during the year	-
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	8,766.82
Changes during the year	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	8,766.82

C Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	Total
	Retained Earnings	
Opening Balance	(17,424.45)	(17,424.45)
Changes during the year (Profit/loss)	8,154	8,154.31
Balance at the end of year ended March 31,2022	(9,270.14)	(9,270.14)
Changes during the year (Profit/loss)	(9.90)	(9.90)
Balance at the end of year ended March 31,2023	(9,280.04)	(9,280.04)

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 20, 2023



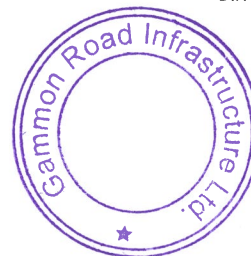
For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited



Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN: 07706235



Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No.09029565



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO MARCH 31, 2023

1 Corporate profile

Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited ('GRIL') is incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, on August 10, 2009, as a subsidiary of AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited) to provide, develop, own, maintain, operate, instruct, execute, carry out, improve, construct, repair, work, administer, manage, control, transfer on a build, operate and transfer (BOT) or build, own, operate and transfer (BOOT) or build, operate, lease and transfer (BOLT) basis or otherwise, make tenders, apply or bid for, acquire, transfer to operating companies in the infrastructure sector, any infrastructure facilities in the road sector including roads, streets, highways, expressways, motorways, toll roads, side roads, bridges etc either directly or through any subsidiary or group company, and to carry out the business on contractual basis, assign, convey, transfer, lease, auction, sell, the right to collect any rent, toll, compensation, charges or other income from such infrastructure projects undertaken by the Company.

2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are Separate Financial Statements as per Ind AS 27 - Separate Financial Statements and are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, on an accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The classification of assets and liabilities of the Company is done into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of the business of the Company. The operating cycle of the business of the Company is less than twelve months and therefore all current and non-current classifications are done based on the status of realisability and expected settlement of the respective asset and liability within a period of twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The accounting policies discussed more fully below, are consistent with those used in the previous year.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The operating cycle of the business of the Company is twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statement in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2 Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when :

- It is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle or
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading or
 - It is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months
- All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when :

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle or
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading or
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

3 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises of purchase price inclusive of taxes, commissioning expenses, etc. upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO MARCH 31, 2023

Significant spares which have a usage period in excess of one year are also considered as part of Property, Plant and Equipment and are depreciated over their useful life.

Decommissioning costs, if any, on Property, Plant and Equipment are estimated at their present value and capitalised as part of such assets. Borrowing costs on Property, Plant and Equipments are capitalised when the relevant recognition criteria specified in Ind AS 23 Borrowing Costs is met.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets in accordance with Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

4 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

5 Impairment Loss

Assets with an indefinite useful life and goodwill are not amortized/ depreciated and are tested annually for impairment. Assets subject to amortization/depreciation are tested for impairment provided that an event or change in circumstances indicates that their carrying amount might not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher between an asset's fair value less sale costs and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped together at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill for which impairment losses have been recognized are tested at each balance sheet date in the event that the loss has reversed.

6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits in banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown within bank borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

7 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions

The Company recognizes a provision when it has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is likely that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability recognised in a business combination is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequently, it is measured at the higher of the amount that would be recognised in accordance with the requirements for provisions above or the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the requirements for revenue recognition.

8 Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service.

Gratuity, a defined benefit obligation is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation made at the end of each year/period on projected Unit Credit Method.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

• The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and

• The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

The current and non-current bifurcation is done as per Actuarial report.



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO MARCH 31, 2023

Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are payable as a result of the company's decision to terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The company recognizes these benefits when it has demonstrably undertaken to terminate current employees' employment in accordance with a formal detailed plan that cannot be withdrawn, or to provide severance indemnities as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits that will not be paid within 12 months of the balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

9 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- ▶ In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ▶ In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

10 Financial instruments

Initial recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

11 Non-derivative financial instruments

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model. Further, in cases where the Company has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

12 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured based on the fair value of the consideration that is specified in a contract with a customer or is expected to be received in exchange for the products or services and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers

To recognise revenues, the Company applies the following five step approach

- 1 identify the contract with a customer
- 2 Identify the performance obligations in the contract,
- 3 determine the transaction price
- 4 Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
- 5 recognize revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 2022 TO MARCH 31, 2023

The revenue is recognised when (or as) the performance obligation is satisfied, which typically occurs when (or as) control over the products or services is transferred to a customer

Contract modification are accounted for when addition, deletions or changes are approved either to the contract scope or contract price. The accounting for modification of contract involves assessment whether the services added to the existing Contract or distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catchup basis, while those that are distinct are accounted prospectively, either as a separate contract, if the separate service are priced at standalone selling price, or a termination of the existing contract and creation of a new contract if not priced at standalone selling price.

Construction Contract revenues :

In accordance with the provisions laid down in Appendix V to the Ind AS 115, Service Concession Arrangement are recognised in exchange for grant of tolling rights, accounted at fair value of service rendered on Cost plus margin.

Finance income and other income :

Finance Income from Financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of Income can be measured reliably. The same is computed by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest Income from Financial Income is included under Other Income.

13 Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the country. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

For items recognised in OCI or equity, deferred / current tax is also recognised in OCI or equity

14 Earning per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss before OCI for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss before OCI for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

15 Segment reporting

Business segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of services, the risk return profile of individual business, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system of the Company.

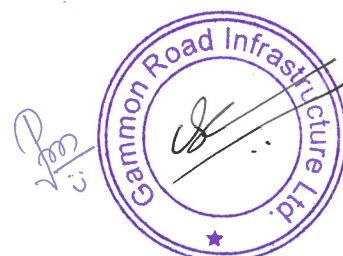
16 Segment Composition:

The Company has been incorporated as a Special Purpose Vehicle for carrying on business of developing, constructing and maintaining infrastructure related projects.

Further, the Company's operations are within a single geographical segment which is India.

17 Dividend Distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognized as a liability in the Company's annual accounts in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's equity holders.



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

Current Assets - Financial assets	As At	As At
3 Cash and cash equivalent	March 31,2023	March 31,2022
Balances with banks		
On Current Account	12.78	12.78
	<u>12.78</u>	<u>12.78</u>

4 Equity Share capital

(i) Authorised share capital

	Equity shares	
	No's	In Rs
At March 31,2022	50,000	500.00
At March 31,2023	50,000	500.00

(ii) Issued equity capital

Equity shares of Rs 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid.		No's	In Rs
At March 31,2022		50,000	500.00
At March 31,2023		50,000	500.00

a) Shares held by holding Company

	March 31,2023	March 31,2022
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	500	500

b) Details of shareholding more than 5% shares in the Company

	As At	
	March 31,2022 and 2023	
	No's	% holding
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	50,000	100%

c) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity shares	As At	
	March 31,2022 and 2023	
Particulars	Numbers	Rupees
At the beginning of the period	50,000	500.00
Issued during the period - Bonus Issue	-	-
Issued during the period - ESOP	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	<u>50,000</u>	<u>500.00</u>



e) Shareholding of promoters

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2023

Name of the Promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change 2022-23
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Holding Company) (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	50,000	100.00%	-
Total no. of shares issued and subscribed	50,000		

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2022

Name of the Promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change 2021-22
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Holding Company) (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	50,000	100.00%	-
Total no. of shares issued and subscribed	50,000		

5 Amount entirely in the nature of equity

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Particulars		
Capital Contribution :		
Inter-corporate loan received from AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	8,766.82	8,766.82
Balance at the end of the year	8,766.82	8,766.82

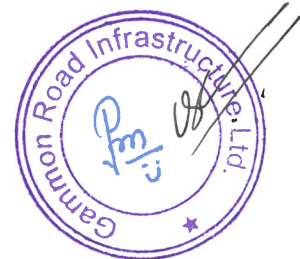
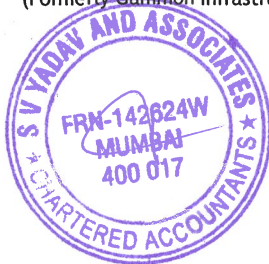
6 Other Equity

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Retained Earning		
Particulars		
Surplus / (deficit) in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as per the last financials	(9,270.14)	(17,424.45)
Add : Profit / (Loss) for the period	(9.90)	8,154.31
	(9,280.04)	(9,270.14)
Total reserves and surplus	(9,280.04)	(9,270.14)

Current liabilities - Financial liabilities

7 Other financial liabilities

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Other liabilities		
Dues to related parties	11.80	16.10
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (for expenses) (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited)	14.20	-
	26.00	16.10



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

CIN: U74990MH2009PLC194822

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

8 Other Income

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Sundry Balances written back	4.30	13,357.81
Total other income	4.30	13,357.81

9 Other expenses

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
ROC & Filing fees	2.40	3.80
Sundry Balances written off	-	5,187.90
Payment to Auditor : towards audit fees	11.80	11.80
Total other expenses	14.20	5,203.50

10 Earnings per Share (EPS)

The following reflects the profit and equity share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computation.

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Profit after tax (PAT)	(9.90)	8,154.31
Outstanding equity shares at period end	50,000	50,000
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculated EPS	50,000	50,000
Nominal value of equity shares (Rs. per share)	10	10
Basic EPS	(0.20)	163.09
Diluted EPS	(0.20)	163.09

11 Related party transactions

a) Names of the related parties and related party relationships

List of related parties where control exists and parties with whom transactions have taken place :

- AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Formerly Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited) - Holding company
- Gammon India Limited - Entity having significant influence
- Sidhi Singrauli Road Project Ltd. - Fellow subsidiary

b) Related party transactions

Transactions	Entities where control exists
Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company: AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	14.20 (17.03)
Outstanding Balances towards expenses incurred on behalf of the company no longer payable written back AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	- (138.97)
Inter-corporate deposit no longer payable written back :	-



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

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**SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023**

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	(13,218.84)
Outstanding balance receivable written off : Siddhi Singrauli Road Project Ltd.	- (3,587.80)
Gammon India Limited	- (1,073.47)
Outstanding interest receivable written off : Gammon India Limited	- (448.28)
Outstanding balance towards expenses incurred on behalf of the Company: AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	14.20 (-)
Provision for doubtful assets written back Gammon India Limited	- (1,073.47)
Provision for doubtful of interest receivable written back : Gammon India Limited	- (448.28)

(Previous period's figure in brackets)

12 In the opinion of the management, the current assets and loans and advances have a realizable value equal to its value stated in the balance sheet.

13 There are no contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

14 Segmental reporting

The Company has been incorporated as a Special Purpose Vehicle for carrying out a single infrastructure activity of electricity generation using renewable / non-conventional sources of energy under Public Private Partnership scheme.

The Company's operations constitutes a single business segment namely "Infrastructure Development" as per INDAS 108. Further, the Company's operations are within single geographical segment which is India. As such, there is no separate reportable segment under Ind AS - 108 on Operating Segments.

15 As per the information available with the Company, there are no Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises, as defined in the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, to whom the Company owes dues on account of principal or interest.

The above information regarding Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

16 The capital commitment as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 is Rs. Nil (Previous period Rs. Nil)



GAMMON ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
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17 Ratio analysis and its elements

Sr. No.	Ratio	Numerator/ Denominator	Ratio (2022- 23)	Ratio (2021- 22)	% of Variatio n	Reason for variance
1	Current ratio	<u>Current Asset</u> Current Liabilities	0.49	0.79	(38.08)	The difference is due to increase in expenses payable
2	Debt-Equity ratio	<u>Total Debts</u> Shareholders Equity	(1.97)	(4.85)	(59.44)	The difference is due to increase in expenses payable resulting into increase in loss
3	Debt Service Coverage ratio	<u>Earnings available for debt service</u> Debt Service		NA	NA	Funds raised via borrowing from holding company which is repayable on demand. Hence this ratio is not calculated
4	Return on Equity ratio (ROE)	<u>Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend</u> Average Shareholder's Equity	NA	(2.00)	NA	The ratio measures the profitability of equity funds invested in the Company. Since there are no profits in the Company the ratio is not computed.
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	<u>Cost of goods sold OR sales</u> Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	The ratio establishes the relationship between the cost of goods sold during the period or sales during the period and average inventory held during the period. Since there is no inventory the ratio is not computed.
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	<u>Net Credit Sales</u> Average Accounts Receivable	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no trade receivable in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	<u>Net Credit Purchases</u> Average Trade Payables	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no credit purchases in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
8	Net capital turnover ratio	<u>Net Sales</u> Average working capital	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no sales in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
9	Net profit ratio	<u>Net Profit after Tax</u> Net Sales	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no sales in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
10	Return on Capital employed (ROCE)	<u>Earning before interest and taxes</u> Capital Employed	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no Earning before interest and taxes in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
11	Return on Investment (ROI)	$\frac{\{MV(T1) - MV(T0) - \text{Sum } [C(t)]\}}{\{MV(T0) + \text{Sum } [W(t) * C(t)]\}}$	NA	NA	NA	Return on investment (ROI) is a financial ratio used to calculate the benefit an investor will receive in relation to their investment cost

Where:

T1 = End of time period

T0 = Beginning of time period

t = Specific date falling between T1 and T0

MV(T1) = Market Value at T1

MV(T0) = Market Value at T0

C(t) = Cash inflow, cash outflow on specific date

W(t) = Weight of the net cash flow (i.e. either net inflow or net outflow) on day 't', calculated as $[T1 - t] / T1$

Companies may provide ROI separately for each asset class (e.g., equity, fixed income, money market, etc.).



SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees thousands unless otherwise stated)

18 Other Statutory Information

- (i) As per the management, the Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off
- (ii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period
- (iii) The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (iv) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (v) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 20, 2023



For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Gammon Road Infrastructure Limited



Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN: 07706235



Director
Charushila Choche
DIN No. 09029565

